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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/901,078	07/10/2001	Rebecca Lynn Siegel	47004.000089	7083	
21967 7590 12/18/2006 HUNTON & WILLIAMS LLP			EXAMINER		
INTELLECTU	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT			KARMIS, STEFANOS	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/901,078	SIEGEL ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Stefano Karmis	3691	

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED 02 October 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection.
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee
under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).
NOTICE OF APPEAL A brief in compliance with 27 CER 41 27 must be filed within two months of the date of
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). AMENDMENTS
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:
Claim(s) rejected:
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will <u>not</u> be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation.
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).
13. Other:

Application No.

Continuation Sheet (PTO-303)

Claims 39-47, 49-66 and 68-86 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Keyes et al. (hereinafter Keyes) U.S. Patent 6,456,983 in view of Land et al. (hereinafter Land) U.S. Patent 6,807,533 in further view of How to Monitor Collectors (hereinafter Rial).

Applicant asserts that the teachings of Keyes in view of Land in view of Rial fails to teach that the account agents are evaluated based on a change in the level of delinquency. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Land teaches credit officers which perform the collection procedures. The credit officers manage accounts like a customer service representative. The credit officers have incentives for managing accounts. From which, the credit officers get a percent of the available receivables (column 11, lines 45-60). Therefore, the credit officers incentive/award for collecting is the fact that he gets a percentage of the money collected. The collected money shows the change in the level of delinquency, between a time beofre the money was collected and after it was collected. Keyes also teaches calculating a score based on certaing factors including outstanding blance (column 5, lines 57 thru column 6, line 4). Therefore, Keyes in view of Land in view of Rial do teach that account agents are evaluated based on a change in the level of delinquency and therefore Applicant's argument is not persuasive.

In response to Applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the teachings of Keyes could have been modified to include the credit officer performance evaluation teachings of Land because it provides an efficient manner to monitor the collectors of delinquent accounts. Keyes also teaches that the liquidation profiles can be based on information from internal collection agencies (column 7, lines 41-65). The delinquent accounts taught by Keyes already contain weighted scoring parameters and therefore associating the scoring of the account and liquidation profile with a credit officer (agent) would result in increased efficiency by the agent and a greater probability of collecting on a delinquent account as intended by Keyes (column 5, line 56 thru column 6, line 36). Further it would have been obvious at the time of the Applicant's invention to modify the teachings of Keyes and the incentive teachings of Land to include the agent. Therefore there is sufficient motivation to combine the teachings of Keyes, Land and Rial and therefore Applicant's arguments are not persuasive.

Respectfully Submitted Stefano Karmis

28 November 2006

HANI M. KAZIMI PRIMARY EXAMINER